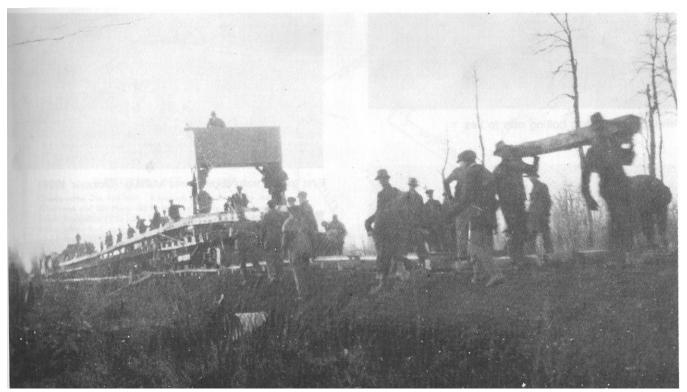
## HISTORY OF MALLAIG (Sumarized from Mallaig)

Location: 3 km. North of Highway 28A on Range Road 100 (30 km. North of St. Paul, AB).

Mr. Eudore Dallaire and his family were the first settlers to come to the area in 1906. Soon after, other families followed. When the time came to settle the West, the government advertised in all newspapers throughout eastern Canada, Europe and the United States. They offered to those who came, the possibility of buying a quarter section of land for \$10.00. Few people had settled this area. There was plenty of land available, making it an ideal to establish a farm on this rich, fertile soil. History books tell us of their difficulties, how they had to live in a tent until a shack or a sod-covered house could be built; how they had to clear land, an axe their only tool; how they had to dig a well with a shovel; how much of their furniture was primitive and uncomfortable; how they had to sow large gardens and preserve their food.



1Building the Railway near Malliag 1928

In the early days, the coming of the railroad often determined the site of the future villages. In 1928, what was once nick-named "Viel Siding," was officially named "Mallaig" by Mr. Campbell, who was the engineer in charge of the railroad. Canadian National purchased 16 lots from Mr. Oscar Amyotte, which were set aside to develop the town.



2 Arial view of Malliag in 1950s

In December of 1928, regular train service came to Mallaig. Three times a week the train came, freighting products, bringing mail and carrying passengers that relied on train service to go to Edmonton, Bonnyville or St. Paul. The train's whistle became a welcome regular sound.



3 Loading the early railcars

The weeklong trip to freight goods to and from Vegreville by horse and wagon became a thing of the past. With the arrival of train service, the town grew with leaps and bounds. There were grocery, general and hardware stores, a blacksmith, a garage, a hotel, a rooming house and restaurant, four grain elevators, three farm implement agencies, a stockyard, livery barns, etc.

- 39	Joseph Imbeau 1914	Joseph Imbeau 1920	Charles Ballaire	Francois, Bient	Eudore Dellaire	Wm Cook	Handly Herickson	Morris Erickson 1910
Louis- Clarks Adam	H.S. Co-	Fritz Exickson	11.B. Co.	Zenon Charboncess 1928	Octave	For Ja Bick	Carl) Haglund	Thomas
Dennis de la companya	Trotter	Hebert Notes	Inguald Gronning	Vikerson 1914	1909	Gabriel Boullyane	Israel Gosselin 1910	Ovide Gervais 1912
	Pigent 1957	Charles Adam	µ.В.С∘-	Martin	J.C. Sutton	George Clark 1913	Francois Viel	Ray Morrison 1911
	Soland Jodan 1939	Sain Saunders	1	Fred . Denning	Robert Laurier	Joseph Viell	Robert Laurie 1918	John Rapinst
. :	μ. B.C <sub>0</sub> .	Sven Hanson 1933	Claude Cuinip 1936	H. Charbonness 1936	Ase Cotton	George Clark	George Guilbeaut 1917	Frank Rapiosti 1912
17	Charles Helert	6.K.Co	Raymond Gumap 1936	Vm Scales	Harry Spiess	John Jacobs w	George Bolton	Charles Adam
	Oscar Harper	Charles Hebert	Lillian Sounders 1137	Noel 1936	James. Martin 1915	Son Martin 1911	Michael Bolton 1914	Herre Turcotte 1909

Unfortunately, as times changed, so did rail service. Improved roads increased travel. Trucking goods was cheaper that train service could offer. At last, it became more difficult to make a living at farming, so more and more people moved out to the larger centres seeking employment, thus Mallaig was reduced to a Hamlet. In recent years, the railroad through Mallaig was removed.

Major Attractions: Mallaig & District Museum - Open to the public from June U to October 1s; over 3,000 artifacts mostly depict life in the 1940's; replica log schoolhouse - 1919; original 1930 Baptist Church; tours adjusted to suit any school program; annual outdoor fall pancake breakfast and demonstration day; attracts approximately 500 visitors

annually; lifetime memberships available; Mallaig/Therien History Books for sale.