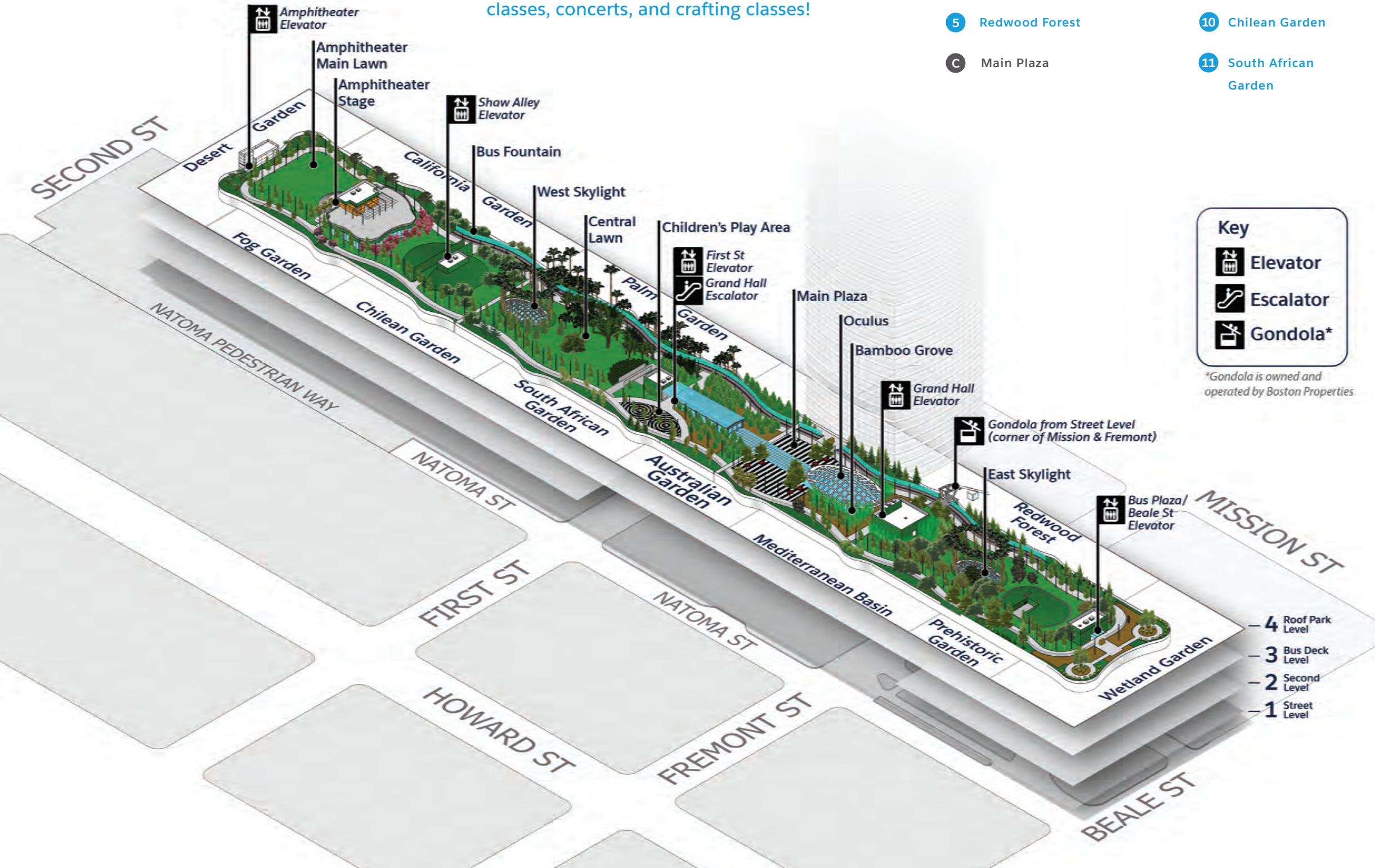


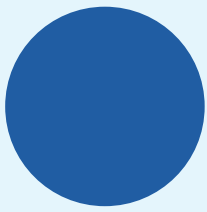
salesforce park

Garden Guide

Salesforce Park showcases over 50 species of trees and over 230 species of understory plants. It also offers a robust year-round calendar of free public programs and activities, like fitness classes, concerts, and crafting classes!

- Start Here!
Children's Play Area
- 1 Australian Garden
- 2 Mediterranean Basin
- 3 Prehistoric Garden
- 4 Wetland Garden
- A Oak Meadow
- B Bamboo Grove
- 5 Redwood Forest
- C Main Plaza
- D Central Lawn
- 6 Palm Garden
- 7 California Garden
- E Japanese Maples
- F Amphitheater Main Lawn
- 8 Desert Garden
- 9 Fog Garden
- 10 Chilean Garden
- 11 South African Garden





Children's Play Area

ABOUT THE GARDENS

This 5.4 acre park has a layered soil system that balances seismic shifting, collects and filters stormwater, and irrigates the gardens. Additionally, the soil build-up and dense planting help offset the urban heat island effect by lowering the air temperature.

The gardens showcase the wide variety of plants that grow in California's Mediterranean climate as well as the diversity of plants from several of the world's other Mediterranean climate zones. Each of those areas, from Mediterranean Europe to western Australia, is featured in its own location in the park.

The park's different gardens allow visitors to also appreciate the climatic conditions and environments from drought to fog, desert to forest that exist in California.

The park and all plantings were designed by PWP Landscape Architecture (Peter Walker & Partners).



Pictured: *Echium Candicans*



Australian Garden

The botanist aboard the Endeavor, Sir Joseph Banks, is credited with introducing many plants from Australia to the western world, and many plants today bear his name.

Native to eastern Australia, Grass Trees may grow only 3 feet in 100 years, and mature plants can be centuries old.

TREES

KURRAJONG

Brachychiton Populneus

NARROW-LEAVED BOTTLE TREE

Brachychiton Rupestris

FLAME BOTTLETREE

Brachychiton Acerifolius

LACEBARK TREE

Brachychiton Discolor

PLANTS

WILLOW WATTLE

Acacia Iteaphylla

CORAL DRIFT FLAME BUSH

Adenanthos Cuneatus 'Coral Drift'

COASTAL WOOLLYBUSH

Adenanthos Sericeus

STORM CLOUD LILY OF THE NILE

Agapanthus 'Storm Cloud'

BLUE HIBISCUS

Alyogyne Huegelii

RED KANGAROO PAW

Anigozanthos 'Bush Sunset'

HEATH-LEAVED BANKSIA

Banksia Ericifolia

SHOWY BANKSIA

Banksia Speciosa

HAIRPIN BANKSIA

Banksia Spinulosa 'Schnapper Point'

BUSH PEA

Chorizema 'Bush Flame'

GIANT SPEAR LILY

Doryanthes Palmeri

FLAX LILY

Dianella 'Cassa Blue'

DWARF MAT RUSH

Lomandra Longifolia 'Breeze'

GRAY HONEY-MYRTLE

Melaleuca Incana

AUSTRALIAN GRASS TREE

Xanthorrhoea Preissii



Pictured: *Anigozanthos* 'Bush Sunset'



Pictured: *Chorizema* 'Bush Flame'

2

Mediterranean Basin

The climate of San Francisco is itself classified as 'Mediterranean' in reference to our dry summer and cool, rainy winters, a weather pattern we share with much of the Mediterranean Basin.

Cork Oak, harvested from living trees, is used for wine bottle stoppers.

Oak woodlands have higher levels of biodiversity than virtually any other terrestrial ecosystem in California, providing habitat for nearly half of the terrestrial vertebrate species found in the state.

TREES

MARINA STRAWBERRY TREE

Arbutus 'Marina'

MEDITERRANEAN FAN PALM

Chamaerops Humilis

OLIVE

Olea 'Swan Hill'

CORK OAK

Quercus Suber

PLANTS

BLUE MEDITERRANEAN FAN PALM

Chamaerops Humilis var. *Cerifera*

ROCKROSE

Cistus Ladanifer 'Blanche'

SMOKETREE

Cotinus Coggyria 'Royal Purple'

AUSTRALIAN FUCHSIA

Correa 'Ivory Bells'

MEDITERRANEAN SPURGE

Euphorbia Characias Wulfenii

MADEIRA CRANESBILL

Geranium Maderense

CORSICAN HELLEBORE

Helleborus Argutifolius

BAY LAUREL

Laurus Nobilis

LAVENDER

Lavandula X Intermedia 'Grosso'

COMMON MYRTLE

Myrtus Communis

CAT MINT

Nepeta Reichenbachiana

OLIVE 'LITTLE OLIVE'

Olea Europaea 'Montra'

HOPLEY'S PURPLE OREGANO

Origanum Laevigatum 'Hopley's'

JERUSALEM SAGE

Phlomis Fruticosa

VARIEGATED ITALIAN BUCKTHORN

Rhamnus Alaternus 'Variegata'

TUSCAN BLUE ROSEMARY

Rosmarinus Officinalis 'Tuscan Blue'

LEMON QUEEN LAVENDER COTTON

Santolina Neapolitana 'Lemon Queen'

AUTUMN MOOR GRASS

Sesleria Autumnalis

GIANT FEATHER GRASS

Stipa Gigantea

BUSH GERMANDER

Teucrium Fruticans 'Azureum'



Pictured: *Euphorbia Characias Wulfenii*

3

Prehistoric Garden

Excavation of the Transit Center site unearthed a Columbian mammoth tooth and vertebrate bone fragments from the Pleistocene Epoch 10 to 15 million years ago, 110 feet below grade. This garden exhibits any plants that have lived since the time of the dinosaurs.

TREES

MONKEY PUZZLE TREE

Araucaria Araucana

GINKGO

Ginkgo Biloba

CHAMPAK

Michelia Champaca

WOLLEMI PINE

Wollemia Nobilis

PLANTS

NEW ZEALAND WIND GRASS

Anemanthele Lessoniana

RED BRAZILIAN TREE FERN

Blechnum Brasiliense

SILVER LADY FERN

Blechnum Gibbum 'Silver Lady'

AUSTRALIAN TREE FERN

Cyathea Cooperi

PANZHIHUA SAGO PALM

Cycas Panzhihuaensis

MADAGASCAR CYCAD

Cyas Thouarsii

TASMANIAN TREE FERN

Dicksonia Antarctica

EASTERN CAPE GIANT CYCAD

Encephalartos Altensteinii

THE NATAL CYCAD

Encephalartos Natalensis

BURRAWANG

Macrozamia Communis

NEW SOUTH WALES MACROZAMIA

Macrozamia Johnsonii

CARNARVON GORGE MACROZAMIA

Macrozamia Moorei

SCENTED PEARL

Michelia Yunnanensis

OLIVE 'LITTLE OLIVE'

Olea Europaea 'Montra'



Wetland Garden

This wetland was designed to polish greywater and will temporarily store, filter, and clean runoff water. It can provide habitat for butterflies, bees, birds, and other creatures.

TREES

RIVER BIRCH

Betula Nigra

PLANTS

JAPANESE SWEET FLAG

Acorus Gramineus 'Ogon'

BEAR'S BREECHES

Acanthus Mollis

FROSTY CURLS HAIR SEDGE

Carex Albula

RED-TWIG DOGWOOD

Cornus Sericea 'Isanti'

AUTUMN FERN

Dryopteris Erythrosora

DWARF HORSETAIL

Equisetum Scirpoides

GIANT RHUBARB / DINOSAUR FOOD

Gunnera Manicata

FIBER OPTIC GRASS

Isolepis Cernua

CARMAN'S SACRED JAPANESE RUSH

Juncus 'Carman's Japanese'

QUARTZ CREEK SOFT RUSH

Juncus Effusus 'Quartz Creek'

PALE RUSH

Juncus Pallidus



Pictured: *Araucaria Araucana*



Pictured: *Cyathea Cooperi*

ELK BLUE CALIFORNIA GRAY RUSH

Juncus Patens 'Elk Blue'

LACE FERN

Microlepia Strigosa



Pictured: Gunnera Manicata



Pictured: Acorus Gramineus 'Ogon'



Pictured: Acanthus Mollis



Oak Meadow

TREES

CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE

Aesculus Californica

PERSIAN IRONWOOD

Parrotia Persica

COAST LIVE OAK

Quercus Agrifolia

ENGELMANN OAK

Quercus Engelmannii

NETLEAF OAK

Quercus Rugosa

ISLAND OAK

Quercus Tomentella

SOUTHERN LIVE OAK

Quercus Virginiana

CORK OAK

Quercus Suber



Bamboo Grove

PLANTS

GIANT TIMBER BAMBOO

Phyllostachys Bambusoides

5

Redwood Forest

The California State tree includes two members of the Sequoia family: the Coast Redwood, which is the tallest tree in the world reaching 400 feet tall, and the Giant Sequoia, whose 30-foot diameter trunk makes it the most massive tree species.

In redwood forests, 80% of the plant species have the ability to absorb water vapor directly through their leaves.

The fog irrigates plants when it condenses on tree surfaces and drips onto the ground. During summer drought, fog condensation provides around two-thirds of the water needed by understory plants.

TREES

CALIFORNIA INCENSE-CEDAR

Calocedrus Decurrens

HIMALAYAN CEDAR

Cedrus Deodara

BRISBANE BOX

Lophostemon Confertus

TORREY PINE

Pinus Torreyana

WEeping SEQUOIA

Sequoiadendron Giganteum 'Pendulum'

'APTOS BLUE' COASTAL REDWOOD

Sequoia Sempervirens 'Aptos Blue'

PLANTS

BEAR'S BREECHES

Acanthus Mollis

JAPANESE SWEET FLAG

Acorus Gramineus 'Ogon'

RED KANGAROO PAW

Anigozanthos 'Bush Sunset'

ELK CLOVER

Aralia Californica

CHINESE HOLLY

Berberis Lomariifolia

WEeping BROWN SEDGE

Carex Flagellifera

AUSTRALIAN TREE FERN

Cyathea Cooperi

TASMAN FLAX-LILY

Dianella Tasmanica

TASMANIAN TREE FERN

Dicksonia Antarctica

OSTRICH FERN

Matteuccia Struthiopteris

GRAY HONEY-MYRTLE

Melaleuca Incana

EVERGEEN EULALIA

Miscanthus Transmorrisonensis

PACIFIC WAX MYRTLE

Myrica Californica

COMMON MYRTLE

Myrtus Communis

NEW ZEALAND FLAX

Phormium 'Dusky Chief'

WESTERN SWORD FERN

Polystichum Munitum

SILVER PUYA

Puya Coerulea

ITALIAN BUCKTHORN

Rhamnus Alaternus

EVE CASE COFFEEBERRY

Rhamnus Californica 'Eve Case'

PINK-FLOWERING CURRANT

Ribes S. Glutinosum 'Claremont'

AUSTRALIAN RASPBERRY

Rubus Parvifolius

EMERALD CARPET CREEPING RASPBERRY

Rubus Pentalobus 'Emerald Carpet'

COMMON SNOWBERRY

Symphoricarpos Albus

FRINGE CUPS

Tellima Grandiflora

GIANT CHAIN FERN

Woodwardia Fimbriata

WHITE INSIDE-OUT FLOWER

Vancouveria Hexandra

DAVID VIBURNUM

Viburnum Davidii



Main Plaza

TREES

LONDON PLANE

Platanus X Acerifolia



Central Lawn

TREES

NORFOLK ISLAND PINE

Araucaria Heterophylla

DRAKE CHINESE ELM

Ulmus Parvifolia 'Drake'

PLANTS

FRADESI ESCALLONIA

Escallonia 'Fradesii'

ASIAN STAR JASMINE

Trachelospermum Asiaticum



Palm Garden

Only one species of palm, the California Fan Palm, is native to the state, although the Guadalupe Palm, native to Guadalupe Island off the coast of Baja California, also lies within the California Floristic Province and is considered by some to be a native Californian.

The Wine Palm's sap can be used to make a fermented beverage, but the palm must be felled in order to do so. Overharvesting of this palm for its sap and development pressures have left it vulnerable in its native South American habitat.

TREES

BRAHEA CLARA

Brahea Clara

GUADALUPE PALM

Brahea Edulis

JELLY PALM

Butia Capitata

EUROPEAN FAN PALM

Chamaerops Humilis

CYPHOKENTIA CERIFERA

Cyphokentia Cerifera

HOWEA FORSTERIANA

Howea Forsteriana

CHILEAN WINE PALM

Jubaea Chilensis

LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA

Lepidozamia Peroffskyana

QUITO COCONUT PALM

Parajubaea Cocoides

NORFOLK ISLAND PALM

Rhopalostylis Baueri

NIKAU PALM
Rhopalostylis Sapida

KUMAON PALM
Trachycarpus Takil

DWARF CHUSAN PALM
Trachycarpus Wagnerianus

HYBRID CALIFORNIA FAN PALM
Washingtonia Robusta X Filifera

PLANTS

BURGUNDY SPIRE DRACEANA PALM
Cordyline Australis

GIANT SPEAR LILY
Doryanthes Palmeri

TREE EUPHORBIA
Euphorbia Lambii

GREVILLEA 'LONG JOHN'
Grevillea 'Long John'

IOCHROMA CYANEUM 'BURGUNDY WINE'
Iochroma Cyaneum 'Burgundy'

BROOM RESTIO
Ischyrolepis Subverticillata

TROPIC BELLE MAT RUSH
Lomandra Hystrix 'Tropicbelle'

MEXICAN WEEPING BAMBOO
Oatea Acuminata Aztecorum

PALM GRASS
Setaria Palmifolia



Pictured: Rhopalostylis Baueri



California Garden

California's plant species are some of the oldest in the world, with lower extinction rates than those of many other regions. Forty percent of the state's 5,550 native species are endemic, naturally occurring only in California.

Native North Americans used Manzanita berries for food and the plant's leaves to treat poison oak rash and as toothbrushes.

The Marina Strawberry Tree hybrid, sold throughout California, originated in San Francisco in the early 20th century and is a commonly planted street tree.

TREES

CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE
Aesculus Californica

MARINA STRAWBERRY TREE
Arbutus 'Marina'

MONTEREY CYPRESS
Cupressus Macrocarpa

SANTA CRUZ ISLAND IRONWOOD
Lyonothamnus Floribundus Asplenifolius

TORREY PINE
Pinus Torreyana

ISLAND OAK
Quercus Tomentella

PLANTS

SENTINEL MANZANITA
Arctostaphylos Densiflora 'Sentinel'

HOWARD MCMINN MANZANITA
Arctostaphylos 'Howard McMinn'

JOHN DOURLEY MANZANITA
Arctostaphylos 'John Dourley'

PARADISE MANZANITA
Arctostaphylos Pajaroensis 'Paradise'

MENDOCINO REED GRASS
Calamagrostis Foliosa

CONCHA CEANOTHUS
Ceanothus 'Concha'

FROSTY BLUE CEANOTHUS
Ceanothus 'Frosty Blue'

RAY HARTMAN CEANOTHUS
Ceanothus 'Ray Hartman'

YANKEE POINT CEANOTHUS
Ceanothus 'Yankee Point'

GIANT SEA DAHLIA
Coreopsis Gigantea

SEASIDE DAISY
Erigeron Glaucus

ST. CATHERINE'S LACE
Eriogonum Giganteum

RED-FLOWERED BUCKWHEAT
Eriogonum Grande Rubescens

COAST BUCKWHEAT
Eriogonum Latifolium

CALIFORNIA FESCUE
Festuca Californica

COAST SILK-TASSEL
Garrya Elliptica

COW PARSNIP
Heracleum Lanatum

TOYON
Heteromeles Arbutifolia

CORAL BELLS
Heuchera 'Rosada'

DOUGLAS IRIS HYBRIDS
Iris Douglasiana Hybrids

DWARF SILVER BUSH LUPINE
Lupinus Albifrons Var. Collinus

BUSH LUPINE
Lupinus Arboreus

DEERGRASS
Muhlenbergia Rigens

EVE CASE COFFEEBERRY
Rhamnus Californica 'Eve Case'

LEMONADE BERRY
Rhus Integrifolia

MATILIJIA POPPY
Romneya Coulteri

WHITE SAGE
Salvia Apiana

WINNIFRED GILMAN BLUE SAGE
Salvia Clevelandii 'Winnifred Gilman'



Pictured: *Arbutus 'Marina'*



Pictured: *Heteromeles Arbutifolia*



Japanese Maples

TREES

JAPANESE MAPLE

Acer Palmatum

CORAL BARK JAPANESE MAPLE

Acer Palmatum 'Sango-kaku'



Amphitheater Main Lawn

TREES

AFRICAN SUMAC TREE

Rhus Iancea

PLANTS

CORDYLINE 'SOLEDAD'

Cordyline 'Soledad'

RIVER WATTLE

Acacia Cognata



Desert Garden

This garden features desert plants from around the world. Many species here are native to the Americas and Africa.

In Mexico, the Aztecs used Agave in a myriad of ways, from weaving clothes and paper from the strong fibers in the leaves to eating the cooked roots and flowers.

The Dragon Blood Tree from the Canary Islands gets its name from the red resin extracted from its bark and leaves.

TREES

DRAGON TREE

Dracaena Draco

ALOE MEDUSA

Aloe Tongaensis 'Medusa'

PLANTS

SNOWY RIVER WATTLE

Acacia Boormanii

BLACK ROSE AEONIUM

Aeonium Arboreum 'Zwartkop'

GREEN PINWHEEL

Aeonium Decorum

PINWHEEL

Aeonium Haworthii

MINT SAUCER AEONIUM

Aeonium 'Mint Saucer'

FOXTAIL AGAVE

Agave Attenuata

BLUE GLOW AGAVE

Agave 'Blue Glow'

AGAVE CELSII VAR. ALBICANS

Agave Celsii Var. Albicans

THREAD AGAVE

Agave Filifera

WHALE'S TONGUE AGAVE

Agave Ovatifolia

HEDGEHOG AGAVE

Agave Stricta

QUEEN VICTORIA AGAVE

Agave Victoriae-reginae

SHORT-LEAVED ALOE

Aloe Brevifolia

NUBIAN ALOE

Aloe Camperi

CAT'S TAIL ALOE

Aloe Castanea

CAPE ALOE

Aloe Ferox

FAN ALOE

Aloe Plicatilis

TILT-HEAD ALOE

Aloe Speciosa

CORAL ALOE

Aloe Striata

COAST ALOE

Aloe Thraskii

MALAGASY TREE ALOE

Aloe Vaombe

MEXICAN LILY

Beschorneria Yuccoides

SILVER TORCH CACTUS

Cleistocactus Strausii

FINGER ALOE

Cotyledon Orbiculata Var. Oblonga 'Flavida'

WATCH CHAIN

Crassula Lycopodioides

MEXICAN GRASS TREE

Dasyliirion Longissimum

GIANT CHALK DUDLEYA

Dudleya Brittonii

FRANK REINELT DUDLEYA

Dudleya 'Frank Reinelt'

DYCKIA

Dyckia

'AFTERGLOW' ECHEVERIA

Echeveria 'Afterglow'

CANTE ECHEVERIA

Echeveria Cante

HENS AND CHICKS

Echeveria Elegans

'RED EDGE' ECHEVERIA

Echeveria 'Red Edge'

SAN PEDRO CACTUS

Echinopsis Pachanoi

MACDOUGALL'S FURCRAEA

Furcraea Macdougallii

GREVILLEA 'MOONLIGHT'

Grevillea 'Moonlight'

FELT BUSH

Kalanchoe Beharensis

PINK ICEPLANT

Oscularia Deltoides

EVE CASE COFFEEBERRY

Rhamnus Californica 'Eve Case'

BLUE CHALK STICKS

Senecio Mandraliscae

NARROW-LEAVED BIRD OF PARADISE

Strelitzia Juncea



Pictured: Aeonium Arboreum Zwartkop

Fog Garden

Convection fog, also known as tule fog, settles low to the ground during winter months, which produces misting precipitation and reduces visibility.

In the summer, advection fog is produced when warm air rolls over the Marin hills to the north and hits the cool temperatures coming off the Pacific Ocean. This creates damp conditions, reduced light, cooler temperatures and strong winds.

TREES

AUSTRALIAN TEA TREE

Leptospermum Laevigatum

NEW ZEALAND CHRISTMAS TREE

Metrosideros Excelsa

PLANTS

TORCH ALOE

Aloe Arborescens

POWIS CASTLE WORMWOOD

Artemisia 'Powis Castle'

SILVER SPEAR

Astelia Chathamica

BRACHYGLOTTIS 'SILVER DORMOUSE'

Brachyglottis 'Silver Dormouse'

MENDOCINO REED GRASS

Calamagrostis Foliosa

GERALDTON WAXFLOWER

Chamelaucium 'Lady Stephanie'

LARGE CAPE RUSH

Chondropetalum Elephantinum

PRIDE OF MADEIRA

Echium Candicans

BOWLES'S MAUVE WALLFLOWER

Erysimum 'Bowles's Mauve'

PINEAPPLE GUAVA

Feijoa Sellowiana

KAPUKA

Griselinia Littoralis

CUSHION BUSH

Leucophyta Brownii

SEA LAVENDER

Limonium Perezii

LEHUA

Metrosideros Collina 'Springfire'

CREEPING MYOPORUM

Myoporum Parvifolium

KARO

Pittosporum Crassifolium

NEW ZEALAND FLAX

Phormium 'Dusky Chief'

TUSCAN BLUE ROSEMARY

Rosmarinus Officinalis 'Tuscan Blue'

EMERALD CARPET CREEPING RASPBERRY

Rubus Pentalobus 'Emerald Carpet'

SEA CAMPION

Silene Maritima

COAST ROSEMARY

Westringia 'Wynyabbie Gem'



Pictured: *Metrosideros Excelsa*

10

Chilean Garden

The Monkey Puzzle Tree earned its common name from a remark that 'it would puzzle a monkey to climb that tree'.

TREES

MONKEY PUZZLE TREE

Araucaria Araucana

MAYTENS TREE

Maytenus Boaria 'Green Showers'

PLANTS

FOXTAIL AGAVE

Agave Attenuata

TORCH ALOE

Aloe Arborescens

LILY OF THE INCAS / PERUVIAN LILY

Alstroemeria 'The Third Harmonic'

BOXLEAF AZARA

Azara Microphylla

DARWIN BARBERRY

Berberis Darwinii

BOLAX GLEBARIA

Bolax Glebaria

SACRED FLOWER OF THE INCAS

Cantua Buxifolia

CHILEAN JESSAMINE

Cestrum Parqui

BLUE EVERGREEN HYDRANGEA

Dichroa Febrifuga

ROCK PURSLANE

Cistanthe Grandiflora 'Jazz Time'

COPPER SHINE MIRROR PLANT

Coprosma 'Copper shine'

DEPPEA

Deppea Splendens

FRADES ESCALLONIA

Escallonia 'Fradesii'

PINEAPPLE GUAVA

Feijoa Sellowiana

MAIDEN'S WREATH

Francoa Ramosa

LILAC FUSCHSIA

Fuchsia Arborescens

BOLIVIAN FUCHSIA

Fuchsia Boliviana

HUMMINGBIRD FUCHSIA

Fuchsia Magellanica

SPANISH SHAWL

Heterocentron Elegans

CHILEAN BELLFLOWER

Lapageria Rosea

NEW ZEALAND TEA TREE

Leptospermum 'Ruby Glow'

ORANGE LIBERTIA

Libertia Peregrinans

CHILEAN MYRTLE

Luma Apiculata

SAPPHIRE TOWER

Puya Alpestris

SILVER-LEAFED PRINCESS FLOWER

Tibouchina Heteromalla



Pictured: Aloe Arborescens

South African Garden

A biodiversity hotspot, the Cape Floral Region in South Africa is home to the greatest non-tropical concentration of higher plant species in the world. Although it represents less than 0.5% of the area of Africa, the region contains nearly 20% of the continent's flora.

So many South African plants grow in San Francisco and throughout California that they are ubiquitous in the landscape and considered by many to be native.

TREES

SILVER TREE

Leucadendron Argenteum

LONG-LEAFED YELLOWWOOD

Podocarpus Henkelii

PLANTS

WILLOW WATTLE

Acacia Iteaphylla

HAIRY WATTLE

Acacia Vestita

AFRICAN DAISY

Arctotis 'Sun Spot'

VULCAN AFRICAN DAISY

Arctotis 'Vulcan'

ARISTEA INAEQUALIS

Aristea Inaequalis

BABOON FLOWER

Babiana Stricta

LARGE CAPE RUSH

Chondropetalum Elephantinum

MOUNTAIN CABBAGE TREE

Cussonia Paniculata Sinuata

FAIRY WAND

Dierama Pulcherrimum

LEMON DROP FORTNIGHT LILY

Dietes 'Lemon Drop'

HORSETAIL RESTIO

Elegia Capensis

HONEY EURYOPS

Euryops Virgineus

DRUMSTICKS

Isopogon Formosus

LION'S TAIL

Leonotis Leonurus

LINE-LEAF CONEBUSH

Leucadendron Linifolium

LIMESTONE CONEBUSH

Leucadendron Meridianum 'More Silver'

LEUCADENDRON SALIGNUM 'CHIEF'

Leucadendron Salignum 'Chief'

ROCKET PINCUSHION

Leucospermum 'Blanche Ito'

VELDFIRE PINCUSHION

Leucospermum 'Veldfire'

DWARF MAT RUSH

Lomandra Longifolia 'Breeze'

HONEY BUSH

Melianthus Major

PEPPERMINT-SCENTED GERANIUM

Pelargonium Tomentosum

SLENDER VELDT GRASS

Pennisetum Spathiolatum

FEATHERHEAD

Phyllica Pubescens

CAPE PLUMBAGO

Plumbago Auriculata

PINK ICE PROTEA

Protea 'Pink Ice'

SCURFY PEA SHRUB

Psoralea Pinnata

BIRD OF PARADISE

Strelitzia Reginae

CAPE HONEYSUCKLE

Tecoma Capensis